## APPENDIX

## Waste \& Recycling Service Options

## Overview

- Background
- Key Collection Options (2019/20)
- Service options detailed costs, staff and equipment
- An overview of Authorities collecting residual waste once every three weeks

- National framework on greater consistency
- Possible wheeled bin colours


## Drivers for future change

- Increase recycling and reduce residual waste
- Reduce wind blown and dropped recycling
- Reduce noise from glass collection for workers safety
- Saving up to $£ 1.46$ million (depending on collection options)
- Less vehicle movements and associated emissions
- Reduced number of collections per annum from 23 million to 13 million(depending on collection options)


## Time Line

## Consultation with other savings proposals

- Places OSC sub-group meetings currently scheduled to be completed by mid January - Places OSC to meet $14^{\text {th }}$ February
- Public Consultation November to January 2019
- $4^{\text {th }}$ February 2019 Cabinet Briefing
- $25^{\text {th }}$ February 2019 Public Cabinet decision on collection option and future commissioning arrangements.
- Service rollout July to October 2019


## Statutory Framework

- Environmental Protection Act 1990 Duty to collect Household and Commercial Waste, and a duty to Collect two types of recyclable waste.
- The Waste Regulations 20II \& 2012 requires the separate collection of paper, metals, plastic and glass.
- Greater London Authority Act 2007 requires Boroughs to "act in general conformity with" the Mayor of London's Municipal Waste Strategy/ Environment Strategy.


## Current system for Houses

(Food and dry recycling in four boxes \& Residual in wheeled bin)


## Option 1 Fortnightly Dry Recycling and Residual

 (Food box and 3 wheeled bins collections)

## Option 2: Three Weekly Residual \& Weekly Dry Recycling

(Food and dry recycling in four boxes \& Residual in wheeled bin)


## Option 3: Three Weekly Residual and Fortnightly Dry Recycling (Food box \& 3 wheeled bins)



## Option 4: Three Weekly Residual and Dry

Recycling (Food box and 3 wheeled bins collections)


## Waste Flow Modelling of collection options



## Contents of the Residual waste green bin

| RESIDUAL WASTE | 2014 | 2016 | 2017 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Totalkg HH/wK | 5.97 | 6.44 |  |
| Cotal Recralicile |  |  |  |

## Contents of Green Residual waste bin 2017



- RECYCLABLE PAPER

■ RECYCLABLE CARD \& CARDBOARD

- LIQUID CARTONS

■ RECYCLABLE PLASTIC BOTTLES \& CONTAINERS

- RECYCLABLE GLASS
- RECYCLABLE METALS
- RECYCLABLE GARDEN WASTE \& PET BEDDING

■ RECYCLABLE FOOD WASTE

- RESIDUAL WASTE


## Who is currently collecting Three Weekly Residual

| Authority | Before | After | Change Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blaenau Gwent | F 240 | 3W 240 | Sep 2015 - Mar 2016 |
| Bury | F 240 | 3W 240 | Oct 2014 |
| Clackmannanshire | F 240 | 3W 240 | Aug 2016 |
| Conwy ${ }^{1}$ | F 240 | 3W 240 | Jul 2016 - Oct 2016 |
| Daventry | F 240 | 3W 240 | Jun 2018 |
| East Ayrshire | F 240 | 3W 240 | Jun 2015 - Dec 2015 |
| East Devon | F 180 | 3W 180 | Feb 2017 - Jun 2017 |
| East Renfrewshire | F 240 | 3W 240 | Oct 2016 |
| Falkirk ${ }^{2}$ | F 240 | 3W 240 | Apr 2014 - Mar 2015 |
| Fife | F 140 | 3W 140 | Sep 2015 (12m Trial) |
| Gwynedd | F 240 | 3W 240 | Oct 2014 - Jun 2015 |
| Isle of Anglesey | F 240 | 3W 240 | Oct 2016 |
| North Ayrshire | F 240 | 3W 240 | Apr 2019 |
| Oldham | F 240 | 3W 240 | Oct 2016 |
| Powys | F 180 | 3W 180 | Nov 2015 |
| Rochdale | F 240 | 3W 240 | Oct 2015 |
| Salford | F 240 | 3W 240 | Jul 2016 - Aug 2017 |
|  | F 180 | 3W 180 | Sep 2014 (10wk Trial) |
|  | F 180 | 3W 180 | Mar 2020 |
| Wigan | F 240 | 3W 240 | Sep 2017 |
| Notes: | ${ }^{1}$ Move to 4W residual collections planned from end of 2019 <br> ${ }^{2}$ Moved to 4W residual collections in Oct 2016 <br> $F=F o r t n i g h t l y, 180 \& 240$ are the sizes of wheeled bins |  |  |

## Impact of Three Weekly Collections on Recycling and Residual waste



## Background data on three weekly residual waste Authorities

| Authority | Population of Authority | Area in Hectares | Population Density of Authority | Dwelling Stock | Properties sharing <br> Communal bin (indicator of Flats) | Index of Deprivation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bexley LB | 246,124 | 7,116 | 34.59 | 97,890 | 17,795 | 16.711 |
| Blaenau Gwent CBC | 69,674 | 10,900 | 2.16 | 32,314 |  | 0 |
| Bury MBC | 189,628 | 10,089 | 18.80 | 83,350 | 1,850 | 22.231 |
| Conwy CBC | 116,287 | 113,000 | 1.03 | 56,612 |  | 0 |
| Daventry District Council East Devon District | 82,638 | 66,409 | 1.24 | 434,900 | 0 | 12.058 |
| Council | 142,265 | 82,293 | 1.73 | 68,070 | 0 | 13.865 |
| Gwynedd Council | 122,273 | 254,800 | 0.48 | 60,357 |  | 0 |
| Isle of Anglesey CC | 70,169 | 71,400 | 0.98 | 34,878 |  | 0 |
| Oldham MBC | 233,759 | 13,782 | 16.96 | - 95,850 | 6,170 | 30.406 |
| Powys County Council | 132,675 | 517,900 | 0.26 | 6 63,929 |  | 0 |
| Rochdale MBC | 218,459 | 15,844 | 13.79 | 93,260 | 0 | 33.849 |
| Salford City Council MBC Somerset Waste | 251,332 | 9,701 | 25.91 | 114,710 | 10,245 | 34.738 |
| Partnership | 1,110,390 | 346,991 | 3.20 | 253,640 | 8,037 | 0 |
| Wigan MBC | 324,,650 | 18,833 | 17.24 | 143,220 | 5,624 | 426.005 |

## Summary Key points

- Waste \& Recycling Collection - up to $£ 1.7 \mathrm{~m}$ savings depending on option
- Three weekly Residual collections will significantly improve Bexley's recycling rate ( $5 \%+$ ) and deliver $£ 0.5 \mathrm{~m}$ saving in disposal cost
- 20,000 Flats and some other properties stay on current collection service
- Use of wheeled bins for dry recycling will provide better containment and reduce wind blown items.
- New wheeled bin for paper ( replacing current box)
- New wheeled bin Plastics packaging, Cartons, Cans and Glass containers ( replacing current 2 boxes)
- Half our current residual waste is typically capable of recycling ( $2 / 3$ food in packaging I/3 other)
- 20 + authorities from Bury to Wigan have already gone to 3 weekly and seen +5 to 19 \% increase in Recycling by residents
- Falkirk went 4 weekly 2017 \& and Conwy planning to
- Mitigation in Bexley by a new infill Nappy and Absorbent Hygiene product collection service for c. 2,000 properties.


## A framework for

## greater consistency in household recycling in England

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## Greater consistency



## Greater consistency

## I. All households to be able

 to recycle the same core set of materials:- Plastic bottles
- Plastic packaging - pots, tubs and trays
- Metal packaging - cans, aerosols and foil
- Glass bottles and jars
- Paper
- Card
- Food and drink cartons
- Food waste

2. Fewer collection and sorting systems (Three advised options)
a) Multi-stream with separate food:

- Household plastic packaging, metals (cans, aerosols and foil) and cartons
- Glass containers
- Paper and card
- Food waste separate
b) Two-stream (Paper separate) with separate food:
- Household plastic packaging,
- metals, glass and cartons collected as one stream
- Paper and card collected as one stream
- Food waste separate
c) Co-mingled with separate food:
- All dry mixed recyclables collected as one stream (co-mingled)
- Food waste separate


## Greater consistency bin colour



## Options

1. Single colour wheeled bins (Blue for paper \& card)
2. Grey wheeled bins with different colour lids
3. What colour will be the second bin or lid?

